ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL				
Report to:	Audit and Governance Committee			
Date:	12 February 2019			
Subject:	Internal Audit Strategy 2019/20			
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Nature and Reason for Reporting:

This report submits the proposed Internal Audit Strategy for 2019/20 for the Audit and Governance Committee's approval. The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards require the chief audit executive to establish a risk-based plan to determine the priorities of the internal audit activity, consistent with the organisation's goals, which the Audit and Governance Committee must approve (Standard 1110).

1. Introduction

1.1. The proposed Internal Audit Strategy for 2019/20 is attached for review and discussion by the Committee.

2. Background

- 2.1. The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) require me, as the chief audit executive, to establish risk-based plans to determine the priorities of the internal audit activity, consistent with the Council's goals. In prioritising our finite resource, we have to undertake sufficient work to enable me to deliver an annual internal audit opinion for the Council to inform its Annual Governance Statement.
- 2.2. As its basis, I have used the corporate risk register to determine the priorities for internal audit activity. In addition, I have met with the Head of Function (Resources) and Section 151 Officer and the Heads of Service to discuss their views on the proposed areas for review.
- 2.3. It will be a dynamic plan; I will review and adjust the plan, as necessary, in response to changes in the Council's business, risks, operations and programmes to ensure that it remains relevant. I will report changes to the Head of Function (Resources) and Section 151 Officer and the Audit and Governance Committee.

3. Recommendation

3.1. That the Audit and Governance Committee approves the Internal Audit Strategy for 2019/20.



INTERNAL AUDIT STRATEGY 2019-20

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INTRODUCTION

Internal Audit is an independent and objective internal team that provides assurance and advice to all levels of management and elected members on the quality of operations within the Council.

We operate to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards¹ (PSIAS), which define internal auditing as:

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.

An important aspect of internal auditing is the extent to which it helps the organisation to achieve its objectives and improve. This means that our work must focus on the things that matter to the organisation, and the opinions and improvement suggestions that we provide must help the organisation and be valued by stakeholders. The service's objectives are therefore as follows:

- To provide independent assurance and advice to management and elected members on risk management, governance and internal control
- To develop and promote our role to make a significant contribution to the Council's aim to modernise, deliver efficiencies and improve services for our customers
- To add value in all areas of our work, providing excellent service to our customers

¹ The Relevant Internal Audit Standard Setters (CIPFA, Department of Health, Welsh Government, Department of Finance (NI), HM Treasury and the Scottish Government) issue the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (2017) and are mandatory for all local and central government bodies.

SERVICE STRUCTURE AND CAPACITY

The Internal Audit team has undergone significant change in recent years. The Council outsourced the chief audit executive's post for 10 years, until April 2017, when it appointed its own Head of Audit and Risk.

Since then, we have adopted **a fully risk-based approach** to our work and further efficiencies have been achieved by adopting 'lean audit' - a methodology based on *'Systems Thinking'*.

Risk Management and Insurance also now forms part of the service. Close working between the two teams - Internal Audit and Risk Management, has brought added benefits when adopting the risk-based approach to internal auditing.

Two new Senior Auditors joined the team during 2018 and the team now includes a wealth of internal and external audit experience, along with an excellent mix of professional qualifications, including CIPFA², CIIA³, ACCA⁴ and ACA⁵ and academic qualifications in Change Management, Business and Accountancy.

The organisation chart below shows the structure for 2019-20:



² Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy

³ Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors

⁴ Association of Chartered Certified Accountants

⁵ Chartered Accountants Ireland

INTERNAL AUDIT ACTIVITY

There are various requirements of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards to be satisfied when carrying out the planning of internal audit's work.

Risk-based Audit Planning

Standard 2010 states that the chief audit executive must establish **a risk-based plan** to determine the priorities of the internal audit activity, consistent with the organisation's goals. Similarly, Standard 2120 states that the internal audit activity must evaluate the effectiveness and contribute to the improvement of risk management processes.

Over the last few years, the need to manage risks has been recognised as an **essential part of good corporate governance practice**. This has put organisations under increasing pressure to identify all the business risks they face and to explain how they manage them. In addition, the activities involved in managing risks have been recognised as playing a central and essential role in maintaining a sound system of internal control.

While the responsibility for identifying and managing risks belongs to management, one of the key roles of internal audit is to provide assurance that those risks have been properly managed. Risk-based internal auditing allows internal audit to provide assurance to *'those charged with governance'* that risk management processes are managing risks effectively, in relation to the risk appetite. It also seeks at every stage to reinforce the responsibilities of management and the elected members for managing risk.

Consequently, a professional internal audit activity can best achieve its mission as a cornerstone of governance by positioning its work in the context of the organisation's own risk management framework. Therefore, we have aligned our internal audit activity with the corporate risk register.

Risk-based internal audit is at the cutting edge of internal audit practice. It is a dynamic process and therefore more difficult to manage than traditional methodologies. Monitoring progress against a plan that is constantly changing is a challenge. However, the rewards outweigh these difficulties and we have reviewed our performance measures to ensure the difficulties in measuring internal audit's effectiveness have been taken into account (discussed later).

Compliance versus Assurance

Traditionally, auditing was mostly focused on evaluating the past and ensuring compliance. **Compliance is management's responsibility** and auditing has evolved to help organisations look forward and address issues that could affect business performance.

Internal audit is uniquely positioned within the organisation to provide global assurance to the Audit and Governance Committee and senior management on the effectiveness of internal governance and risk processes and to provide assurance in support of the Annual Governance Statement.

There are also other sources of assurance that can be used to provide assurance that risks are being effectively managed. The 'three lines of defence'⁶ model is a framework that can be used to bring these sources of assurance together, and will give assurance to members, sector regulators and external auditors that appropriate controls and processes are in place and are operating effectively.

Our new risk management software (4risk) provides a facility to record the various 'three lines' of assurance in one place, which will be rolled out during 2019-20.

Third Line of Assurance - overall assurance provided by internal, external or other regulatory bodies

⁶ First Line of Assurance - front line action by the control owner; performance reports to committees/boards etc

Second Line of Assurance - overall management control, financial control (e.g. monitoring reports by other central functions)

Fraud

The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards include a requirement for the internal audit activity to evaluate the potential for fraud occurring and how the organisation manages fraud risk (Standard 2120).

During 2019-20, we will review the Council's approach to counter fraud, anti-bribery and corruption, anti-money laundering and terrorism financing. We will update the Fraud Response Plan accordingly.

Improvement

Standard 2130 requires the internal audit activity to assist the organisation in maintaining effective controls by evaluating their effectiveness and efficiency and by **promoting continuous improvement**.

One of the aims of Internal Audit is to help services to improve, so it is possible that some of these reviews will not be traditional audits and may take the form of consultancy projects. If that is the case, the resulting report will make it clear that this is not an audit and will not contain an audit opinion in the usual way.

PRIORITIES

Historically, the audit planning process in the Council used a three-year rolling plan. This involved predicting audit reviews that needed to be undertaken three years in advance, which in an ever-changing environment was difficult. In addition, the External Quality Assessment carried out in March 2017 concluded that **this approach was no longer appropriate**.

To provide a more flexible approach and to take account of changes in the organisation and the risk environment, we have aligned our work with the corporate risk register and will meet with senior management to discuss their latest risks, concerns and requirements. In this way, we will be fully up to date with, and aware of, emerging issues and will be able to **focus our resources in areas of greatest priority and risk**.

The Senior Leadership Team and the Audit and Governance Committee support this new approach.

Therefore, rather than have a traditional 'fixed' annual audit plan, the plan will change during the year following changes to the corporate risk register. As a result, this Strategy does not provide a definitive list of the projects that we will carry out during 2019-20 but provides the audits that the Council has identified as its main priorities now. <u>Appendix A</u> lists these current priorities. A contingency will also account for any *ad-hoc* work requested by management during the year.

The traditional planning approach included an estimate of the number of days that would be spent on each audit but this would often change during the year once work started, so had no real benefit at the initial planning stage. The new approach means that only indicative days are shown at present, but will be agreed with services once the first audit-scoping meeting takes place and we know exactly what the audit will entail.

FOLLOW UP

Standard 2500 states that the chief audit executive must establish a follow-up process to monitor and ensure that management has effectively addressed the risks raised or that senior management has accepted the risk of not taking action.

Competing priorities, budget limitations and other factors may prevent managers from addressing Risks/Issues in the agreed timeline or as previously designed to mitigate the risk.

Managers who do not address Risks/Issues arising from internal audit work expose the organisation to risk. By following up, this helps to prevent it becoming an issue.

In accordance with our agreed Internal Audit Charter, we will follow up all Risks/Issues included within audit reports with a 'Limited' or 'No' Assurance rating (definitions of assurance ratings are at <u>Appendix B</u>). Where reports continue to attract a 'Limited' or 'No' Assurance rating, the Audit and Governance Committee may invite the Head of Service to attend a meeting to discuss the report.

We will help the organisation to track the implementation of all actions and will log all agreed actions on an internal tracking system (4action).

REPORTING

A new, shorter one-page report will aid **a new bilingual reporting protocol**, which will also for the first time enable us to provide final agreed internal audit reports to the Executive Portfolio Holders and members of the Audit and Governance Committee, increasing transparency and accountability and improving the quality of assurance we provide.

We will record agreed action plans in a separate operational document, shared only between the service and us.

We will report progress with delivering the Strategy and will be held to account for our performance in delivering the Strategy by the Audit and Governance Committee and the Head of Function (Resources) and Section 151 Officer.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

We have in place a quality assurance and improvement programme to ensure continuous improvement of our internal audit service. We will adopt a reduced and streamlined suite of performance measures to determine the effectiveness of our work, which can be seen at <u>Appendix C</u>.

Benchmarking

Externally, where relevant, **we will continue to benchmark our performance against our peers**. Benchmarking is a standard against which we are able to measure our quality. It helps the identification of best practice, resulting in changes that bring about improved services. Consequently, we benchmark our performance against the other 21 members of the Welsh Chief Auditors Group.

These performance measures are currently under review for their appropriateness.

TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Most members of the team are professionally qualified, with a good mix of professional qualifications. The **service will continue to invest** to ensure they continue their professional development and stay abreast of emerging risks and developments in the sector.

We will also participate in the mandatory corporate training, where required. In total, the service will invest 100 days (7.7%) in training and development during 2019-20, consisting of the following:



CHALLENGES GOING FORWARDS

In a small team, staff absence can have a significant impact. In 2018-19, two vacancies and a long-term absence significantly reduced the resource available to deliver the internal audit activity. Consequently, we significantly missed our target of achieving 80% coverage of the red and amber residual risks in the corporate risk register.

Maternity leave will affect the first half of 2019-20 and reduce our capacity. However, it will be the third year in post for the Head of Audit and Risk and the second year of operating the new audit methodology. The experience from last year has provided valuable learning; a new, enthusiastic and dedicated team, and new risk management software, will place the internal audit team in a good position to ensure delivery of its strategy and continue to support the Council as a key component of its governance structure.

Delivery of this Strategy will enable the Head of Audit and Risk to fulfil the requirement to produce an annual internal audit opinion, to support the Annual Governance Statement.

APPENDIX A: INTERNAL AUDIT PRIORITIES 2019-20

Service / Section	Title	Reason for Inclusion	Corporate Risk Rating (Residual)	Indicative Days 2019-20
CORPORATE-WIDE				
Corporate	Business Continuity	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM9	10
Corporate	Welfare Reform	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM10	10
Corporate	Corporate Safeguarding	Corporate Risk Register	D2 YM11	10
Corporate	Corporate Planning	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM13	15
Corporate	Financial Planning	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM19	15
Corporate	CONTEST (Countering Terrorism and Preventing Radicalisation)	Corporate Risk Register	E1 YM27	10
Corporate	General Data Protection Regulations	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM31	10
Corporate	Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards (PCIDSS)	Corporate Risk Register	D1 YM34	15
Corporate	Leavers' Process	Concerns raised	n/a	15
Corporate	Risk Management	PSIAS requirement	n/a	10
Corporate	Managing the Risk of Fraud	PSIAS requirement	n/a	20
Corporate	Culture – Protecting Reputation and the Use of Social Media	Horizon Scanning	n/a	10
Corporate	Well-being of Future Generations Act	High-profile legislation that has a significant impact on the way the Council works. It is subject to specific review by WAO.	n/a	5
Corporate	Social Services and Well- being Act - Part 9 requirements	High-profile legislation that has a significant impact on the way the Council works. Extension from WG to implement pooled budgets.	n/a	5

			Corporate	Indicative
Service / Section	Title	Reason for Inclusion	Risk Rating	Days
			(Residual)	2019-20
RESOURCES				
Resources	Recovery and Write-offs	Key Financial System - S151 concerns	n/a	10
Resources	Corporate Procurement	Corporate Risk Register	D2 / D2 YM20 YM22	10
Resources	Corporate Procurement Cards	Concerns raised	n/a	20
Resources	Payroll	Key Financial System - restructure and new system; external audit assurance	n/a	20
COUNCIL BUSINES				
Legal Services	Land Registration	Concerns raised	n/a	15
TRANSFORMATIO				
ICT	IT Audit - Cyber Security (Cloud Computing)	Corporate Risk Register	C1 YM28	15
ICT	IT Audit - IT Security	Corporate Risk Register	C1 YM38	15
Human Resources	Recruitment & Retention	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM5	10
Human Resources	Workplace Culture – Discrimination and Staff Inequality	Horizon Scanning	n/a	10
REGULATION & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT				
Regulation & Economic Development	Energy Island Programme	Corporate Risk Register	C2/D2 YM16 YM17	20
Regulation & Economic Development	Leisure Services - Investment in Facilities	Corporate Risk Register	B3 YM32	10
Regulation & Economic Development	Leisure Services - Governance and Control	Head of Service Request - major structural changes (carried forward from 2018/19)	n/a	15
HIGHWAYS, WAST	E & PROPERTY SERVICES			
Property	Asset Register	Concerns raised	n/a	10
Highways	Bridges	Horizon Scanning	n/a	10
HOUSING				
Housing	Gypsies and Travellers (Requirements of the Housing Act 2014)	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM29	10

Service / Section	Title	Reason for Inclusion	Corporate Risk Rating (Residual)	Indicative Days 2019-20
ADULT SERVICES				
Adults	Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM25	10
Adults	Continuous Healthcare	Horizon scanning	n/a	10
CHILDREN'S SERVI	CES			
Children's	Integrated Service Delivery Board	Corporate Risk Register	C2 YM36	10
Children's	Social Work Practice	Corporate Risk Register	D2 YM37	10
LEARNING				
Secondary Schools	Sixth Form Provision	Changes	d/b	20
	TOTAL AUDIT DAYS			400
CHARGEABLE NON	PROGRAMMED DAYS (PROD	JCTIVE)		
	Follow Up Work	Several limited assurance reports requiring follow up, includes reporting and administering 4Action		60
	General Counter Fraud Work, National Fraud Initiative			40
	Referrals			50
	Closure of Previous Year's Work			10
	Grant Certification: School Uniform Grant Rent Smart Wales Grant Education Improvement Grant Pupil Development Grant Sixth Form & Adult Continuing Learning	Grant Requirement		20
	Corporate consultancy			55
	Audit & Governance Committee, including training for members and self-assessment			40
	Management Review			25
	Contingency TOTAL			26 306

Service / Section	Title	Reason for Inclusion	Corporate Risk Rating (Residual)	Indicative Days 2019-20
NON CHARGEABLE	DAYS (NON-PRODUCTIVE			
	Risk & Insurance			24
	General Administration			40
	Personal Development &			
	Review, 121 & Team			48
	Meetings			
	Management, including			
	liaison with External Audit			40
	and audit plan preparation			
	Leave, including annual,			
	statutory, special and sick			342
	leave			
	Training and Development			100
	for staff			100
	TOTAL			594
	TOTAL RESOURCE			1200
	REQUIREMENT			1300
	RESOURCE AVAILABLE			1300
	RESOURCE SHORTFALL			0
	PRODUCTIVITY			55%

APPENDIX B: DEFINITION OF ASSURANCE RATINGS

Level of Assurance	Definition	Management Intervention
Substantial	Arrangements for governance, risk management and internal control are good .	No or only low impact management action is required.
Assurance	We found no significant or material Issues/Risks.	Issues/Risks, which management can easily address.
Reasonable	Arrangements for governance, risk management and/or internal control are reasonable .	Management action of moderate to low impact is required.
Assurance	Some inconsistency in application and opportunities still exist to mitigate against further risks.	Issues/Risks, which management can address at service level.
	Arrangements for governance, risk management and internal control are limited .	Management action of high to moderate impact is required.
Limited Assurance	There are gaps in the process that leave the service exposed to risks. The service is not meeting its objectives or are meeting without achieving value for money.	Issues/Risks, which Heads of Service need to resolve and SLT may need to be informed.
	Arrangements for governance, risk management and internal control are significantly flawed .	High impact management action is required in a number of areas.
No Assurance	Key controls are insufficient with the absence of at least one critical control mechanism. There is also a need to improve compliance with existing controls and we have detected errors and omissions.	Issues/Risks that require the immediate attention of SLT, with possible Executive intervention.

APPENDIX C PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND BENCHMARKING WITH WELSH CHIEF AUDITORS GROUP (WCAG)

Performance Indicator	Target 2019/20	Actual Performance 2018/19 (to Q3)	Actual Performance 2017/18	WCAG Average 2017/18
Red and Amber Residual Risks in the Corporate Risk Register audited	80%	29%	Not Measured	Not Measured
Clients responses at least 'satisfied'	100%	100%	100%	98%
Customer Questionnaires Returned	65%	63%	41%	65%
Reported to Audit and Governance Committee within target	80%	87%	76%	Not Measured
Audits completed within planned time	90%	100%	86%	73%
Number of staff	5	4.0 FTE	4.3 FTE	7